

Webinar: Reducing Childhood Poverty Through Income Supports

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Webinar: Solutions to Addressing Early Childhood Poverty in the U.S.

Moderator

• Cara Baldari, Senior Policy Director, Family Economics, First Focus

Presenters

- Joanna Ain, Senior Policy Manager, Prosperity Now and coauthor of <u>Helping</u> <u>Working Families Build Wealth at Tax Time</u>
- Andy Stettner, Senior Fellow, The Century Foundation and author of <u>Child</u> <u>Allowance: The Big Antipoverty Impact of a Small Amount of Cash</u>
- Andrew Hammond, Of Counsel and Kelsie Landers, Economic Justice VISTA, Sargent Shriver National Center on Poverty Law and coauthors of <u>Children</u> <u>Living in Poverty Need TANF Reform</u>

Helping Working Families Build Wealth at Tax Time

Joanna Ain, Senior Policy Manager



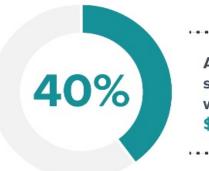


Prosperity Now's mission is to ensure everyone in our country has a clear path to financial stability, wealth and prosperity.



Problem: Americans are facing a savings crisis.

ALMOST HALF OF AMERICANS DON'T HAVE \$400 FOR EMERGENCIES



Americans who need to sell something or borrow money when they are faced with a \$400 emergency

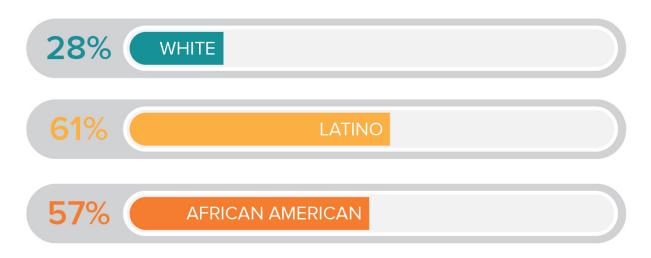
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SOURCE: Report on the Economic Well-Being of U.S. Households in 2017, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 2018.



Almost 37% of American households are liquid asset poor, meaning they do not have the savings to subsist at the poverty level for three months in the absence of income. This is even more alarming when broken out by race:

LIQUID ASSET POVERTY BY RACE



SOURCE: Prosperity Now Scorecard, 2018.



The EITC (Earned Income Tax Credit) is our nation's most effective antipoverty tool.

Tax filers receive a lump-sum payment at tax filing time.

- In 2017, 27 million tax filers claimed the EITC, receiving an average of \$2,445.
- Tax filers use the EITC to save, pay down debts and invest in long-term assets.

But....

- EITC only comes once a year, and working families can be hit with financial emergencies at any time.
- On average, tax preparation can cost \$273 and even higher for those filing for EITC.

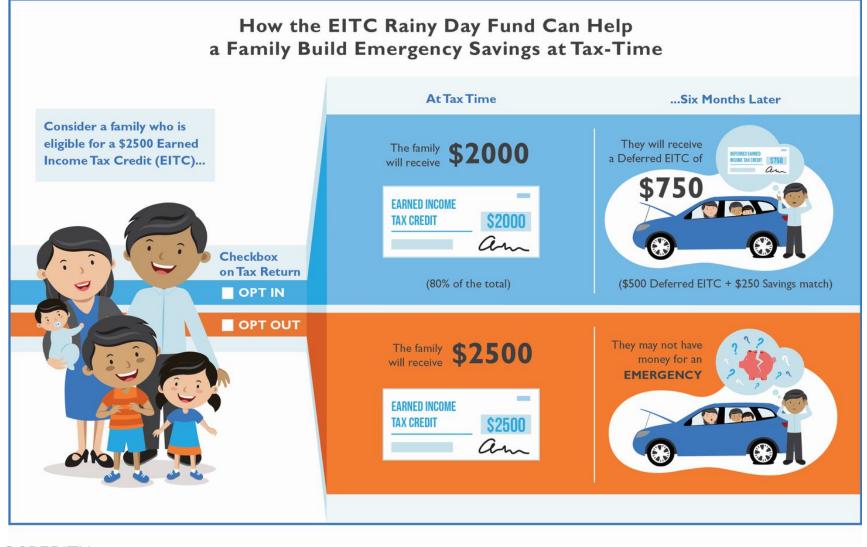


The Refund to Rainy Day Savings Act (S.3221) uses tax time to support families in building emergency savings for later in the year.

- This proposal would allow:
 - Tax filers to defer 20% of their refund.
 - The creation of a pilot program to gauge the impact of matching funds with lower-income tax filers.
 - For language to expand the flexibility of the Assets for Independence (AFI).



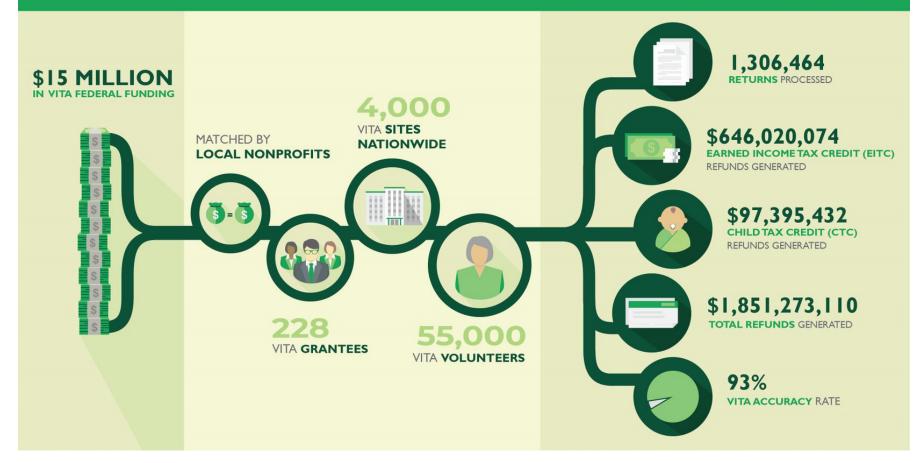
Refund to Rainy Day Savings Act (S. 3221)





VITA: The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance Program

2018 VOLUNTEER INCOME TAX ASSISTANCE PROGRAM







To meet demand, VITA needs increased funding and permanent authorization.

- Even though VITA has been around for half a century, the VITA program has never been put into law. By officially authorizing VITA, sites would have more certainty that the program will continue and more support for funding.
- More funding is needed to meet demand. With increased funding, the VITA program can:
 - Hire more staff,
 - Add new sites,
 - Improve volunteer recruitment and
 - Increase outreach to low-income households.



Prosperity Now Advocacy Center

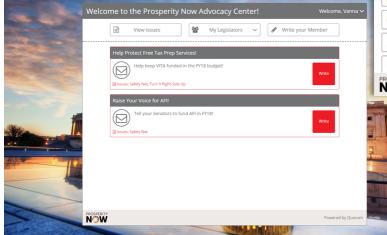
Take action today at https://prosperitynow.org/take-action

Here you can:

- Email a MOC
- Call a MOC
- Tweet at a MOC
- Schedule a Meeting
- Sign a petition

PROSPERITY

Prosperity Now Learn About My Legi	islators Welcome, Vanna 🗸
SEN. Timothy Kaine (D-VA) Committees: Budget, Foreign Relations, Armed Services, HELP	
Sen. Timothy Kaine is a 1st term Senator in the US Congress representing Virginia, receiving 52.9% of the vote in his last election. He is a member of the Foreign Relations, Budget, Armed Services, and HELP committees. Before entering politics, Sen. Timothy Kaine was involved in education. He received his undergraduate degree from the University of Missouri and a professional degree from Harvard Law School (MA).	
% of Bills Enacted 73rd of 100 % Votes with Pa Sen. Kaine's Top Issues	arty 29th of 100 Bipartisanship 23rd of 100 Sen. Kaine's Recent Legislation
Education	S. 1616 Bob Dole Congressional Gold Medal Act Received in the House on Aug. 4, 2017
Labor and Employment Crime and Law Enforcement	S. 1182 The American Legion 100th Anniversary Commemorative Coin Act Held at the desk on Aug. 4, 2017
	Powered by Quorum





Questions?



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Child Allowances

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Andrew Stettner, Century Foundation, Bernard L. Schwartz Rediscovering Government Initiative, April 12, 2018

CASH - A little goes a long way

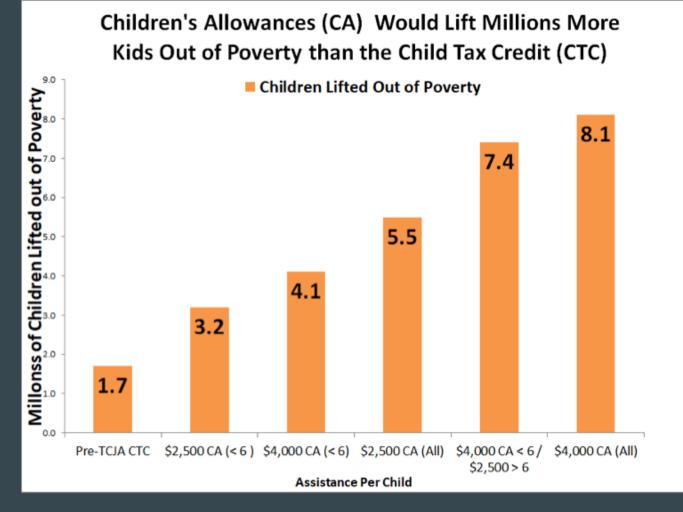
- Rigorous Research (EITC, Eastern Cherokees, Food Stamps)
- ~\$3,000 per year ->
 - Decreased low birth weight
 - Increased test scores
 - Increased high school graduation
 - o Less alcohol, drugs
 - Decreased crime
 - Increased earnings in adulthood



THE BIG IDEA - UNIVERSAL CHILD ALLOWANCES

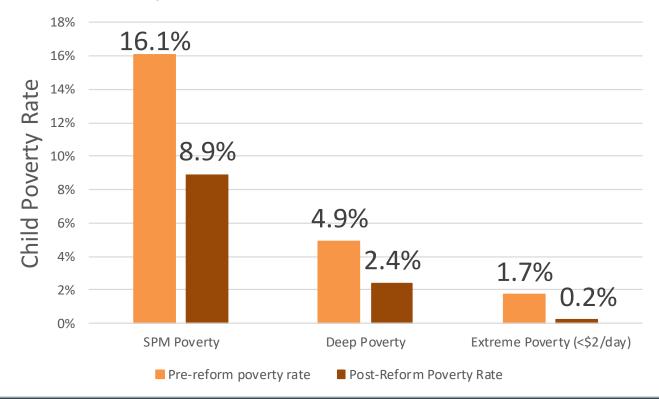
Modest Monthly (\$250-300/Child)

Cash Payments to Families with Children



Source: Bernard L. Schwartz Rediscovering Government Initiative, TCF, 2016

Poverty Before and After Child Allowances



Source: Columbia Center on Poverty and Social Policy

How cash allowances promote child development

- Parents use allowances to up **spending on goods for their kids**
- Stress reduction: Toxic stress causes lasting, genetic damage to organs
- Leading poverty researchers (Shaefer, Duncan, Edin, Garfinkel, Harris, Smeeding, Wimer and Yoshikawa) favor a universal, frequent allowance, adequate to meet the basic needs of children.
 - Supported by conservatives like Sam Hammond at the Niskanen Center

Major Proposals

- Tax Cuts and Jobs Act Enacted
 - Expanded refundable CTC from \$1,000 to \$1,400 (non-refundable to \$2,000)
- Greenstein / Maag et all. Proposal (Published by Urban Institute)
 - Make \$2,000 CTC refundable with more generous phase in
- American Family Act (S. 2018 Bennet/Brown) & Child Tax Credit Improvement Act (HR 821 DeLauro, Pelosi)
 - Establish a young child tax credit of \$300 per month (\$3,600 per year)
 - Over 6 \$2,500 per year
 - Fully refundable
 - Paid monthly

Child Allowances and Work Requirements

- Reduce cliff effects of public benefits
- Make it easier for parents to go back to work:
 - Maternal employment rates increased in Canada after the benefit was enacted.
- Address erratic earnings and expenses of poor families
 - Counter dangerous proposals in Congress to increase work requirements to Food Stamps and Medicaid

Children Living in Poverty Need TANF Reform

Reducing Childhood Poverty through Income Supports Kelsie Landers and Andrew Hammond



Sargent Shriver National Center on Poverty Law

The Sargent Shriver Center National Center on Poverty Law provides national leadership in advancing laws and policies that secure justice to improve the lives and opportunities of people living in poverty.





ADC to AFDC to TANF

- Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) Title IV of the Social Security Act of 1934. Originally federal grants to help states maintain cash assistance programs.
- Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) increased federal requirements. Number of people accessing the program increased in the late 1960s through the late 1980s.
- Congress replaced AFDC with Temporary Assistance to Needy Families when it passed and President Clinton signed the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA).

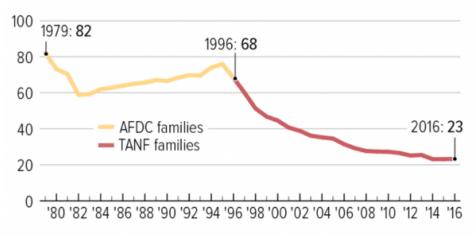


TANF Today

- Block grant has lost value
 - \$16.5 billion each year since 1996. Its real value has fallen by onethird due to inflation.
- TANF is no longer responsive to need
- Extreme Poverty has increased
- Cash assistance has been replaced with in-kind aid
- State TANF programs have continued to diverge

TANF's Role as a Safety Net Continues to Decline

Number of families receiving AFDC/TANF benefits for every 100 families with children in poverty



Note: TANF = Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, AFDC = Aid to Families with Dependent Children

Source: CBPP analysis of poverty data from the Census' Current Population Survey and AFDC/TANF caseload data from Department of Health and Human Services and (since September 2006) caseload data collected by CBPP from state agencies.

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Our work in Illinois: Passing the COIN Act

Senate Bill 3115

Creating Opportunities for Illinoisans in Need (COIN Act)

- Increased the TANF block grant from 23% FPL to 30%
- Removed TANF Regions
- Bi-partisan support
- Small families will receive around \$100/month increase
- Larger families will receive between \$150-200/month increase

Contact: Dan Lesser, danlesser@povertylaw.org

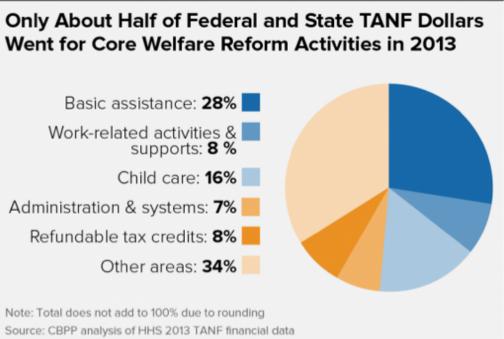


Federal Advocacy: TANF Reauthorization

 Joining Opportunity with Benefits and Services (JOBS) for Success Act

<u>PROS</u>

- Requires 25% of all TANF funds to go to "core activities"
- Improves targeting (200% FPL)
 <u>CONS</u>
- No increase to block grant
- Eliminates Contingency Fund
- "Universal engagement" requirement



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• Opportunity to include the Child Poverty Reduction Act (H.R. 3381)?





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Q&A



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